Foundation for Women's Rights Promotion and Development

財團法人婦女權益促進發展基金會



永續發展議程與性別平等

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大綱

• 什麼是2030永續發展議程?

• 2030永續發展議程與性別平等



什麼是2030永續發展議程?







































2030永續發展議程 小檔案

2015.09

聯合國大會 通過

17

目標

2030

達成

Sustainable
Development
Goals





從千禧年發展目標(MDGs)到永續發展目標(SDGs)



SDGs的核心價值

社會提升

Social Progress

經濟成長

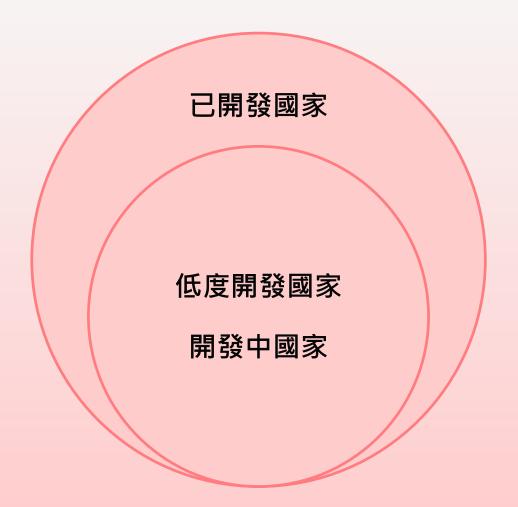
Economic growth

環境保護

Environmental protection



SDGs的適用對象





17個永續發展目標







































2030永續發展議程與性別平等





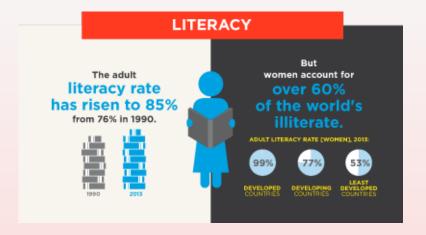
促進社會提升

VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN

In 1993, the
UN General Assembly
Declaration on
the Elimination
of Violence
against Women
provided a framework for

action on the pandemic.

But
more than 20 years later,
1 in 3 women
still experience
physical or
sexual violence,
mostly by an intimate partner.



Fewer maternal deaths worldwide than in 1990. But 800 women still die every day from preventable pregnancy-related causes. 99% of these deaths occur in developing countries.



worldwide increasingly use gender-responsive budgeting

Governments

to ensure implementation of gender equality policies and action plans.





刺激經濟成長

FINANCE



More than

1.3 billion

women don't have an account at a formal financial institution



This includes banks, cooperatives, credit unions, post offices, or microfinance institutions.

50% of the world's working age women (15 or over) are in the labour force compared to over 75% of working age men.



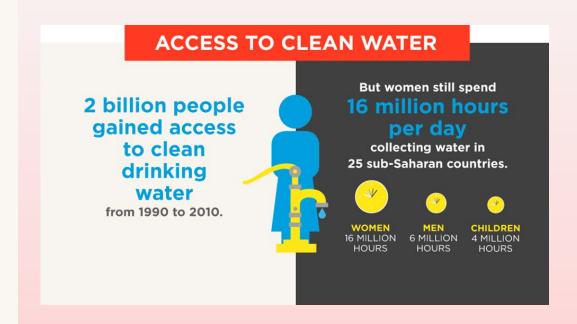




落實環境保護

Disasters such as droughts, floods and storms kill more women than men due to structural gender inequalities

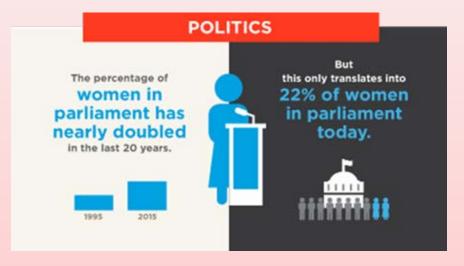






提升全球夥伴關係







促進婦女權益發展之國際公約與協議

《消除對婦女一切形式歧視公約》

1979

第5-16條不同領 域實質條文 《北京宣言暨 行動綱領》

1995

12個關鍵領域

《永續發展目標》

2015

17 項目標

169項指標



| Beijing Platform for Action - Critical Areas of Concern | Convention on the Elimination of all Discrimination Against Women, CEDAW | The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development ² |
|--|--|---|
| A. Women and poverty 1 Noter 10 National State 10 National Stat | Article 13 Woman have a right to family benefits, bank loans, mortgages, and other forms of financial credit. | Goal 1. End poverty in all its forms everywhere Goal 10. Reduce inequality within and among countries |
| B. Education and training of women 2 me 4 man 4 mounts (()) | Article 10 Women and girls should receive career and vocational guidance and have access to education opportunities on par with men or boys. | Goal 4. Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all |
| | | Goal 2. End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture |
| C. Women and health | Article 12 Women have the right to family planning services. | Goal 3. Ensure healthy lives and prmote well-being for all at all ages |
| D. Violence against women | Article 6 Governments shall take all measures to stop trafficking and exploitation of women for prostitution. | Goal 5. Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls |
| E. Women and armed conflict 16 RACLARICE RECEIPTIONS | | Goal 16. Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels. |



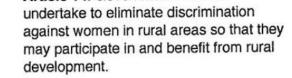
| Beijing Platform for Action | 1 |
|-----------------------------|---|
| - Critical Areas of Concer | n |

Convention on the Elimination of all Discrimination Against Women, CEDAW The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development²

F. Women and the economy







Article 14. Governments should

Article 11. Women have an equal right to work with men, which includes pay, promotions, training, health and safety.

Goal 8. Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth full and productive employment and decent work for all

Goal 9. Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

Goal 12. Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

G. Women in power and decision-making

Article 16. Women have the same rights as their husbands in marriage, childcare and family life.

Article 7. The right of women to vote, to participate in forming and implementing government policies and to join public and political organisations

Article 9. Equal rights with men to keep and change their nationality and to grant their nationality to their children

H. Institutional mechanisms for the advancement 17 PARTHERSHIPS 8 of women

Article 15. Women are to be equal before the law.

implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development

Goal 17. Strengthen the means of

Source: UNFPA State of the World's Population Report 2013



| Beijing Platform for Action - Critical Areas of Concern | Convention on the Elimination of all Discrimination Against Women, CEDAW | The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development ² |
|--|---|---|
| I. Human rights of women | Article 3. Governments shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that women can enjoy basic human rights and fundamental freedoms | |
| | Article 4. Governments can adopt temporary special measures to accelerate equality for women, i.e., affirmative action | |
| | Article 2. Governments shall take concrete steps to eliminate discrimination against women. | |
| J. Women and the media | Article 5. Governments shall take appropriate measures to eliminate sexist stereotyping. | |
| K. Women and the environment | | Goal 6. Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all |
| 6 OCLAR MUTE. 7 DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY O | 13 COMATE 14 SELECTION NAMES 15 SPELON | Goal 7. Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all |
| | | Goal 11. Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable |
| | | Goal 13. Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts |
| | | Goal 14. Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development |
| | | Goal 15. Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land |
| | | to any detices and health leading raths long |

degradation and halt biodiversity loss

台灣國家婦女館

Foundation for Women's **Rights Promotion** and Development 財團法人婦女權益促進發展基金會

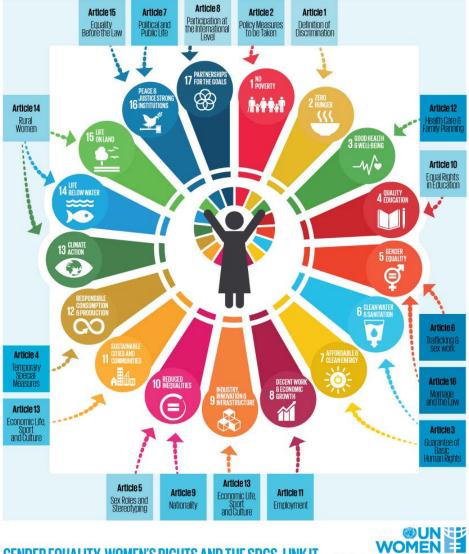


Multi-Country Office - Caribbean

FORMS OF DISCRIMINATION AGAINST WOMEN



SUSTAINABLE **DEVELOPMENT GOALS**





聯合國第61屆婦女地位委員會(2017)

優先主題

職場變遷下的女性經濟賦權

Women's economic empowerment in the changing world of work

回顧主題

落實「千禧年發展目標」女性相關指標的成就 與挑戰 Challenges and achievements in the implementation of the Millennium Development Goals for women and girls



A VISION FOR WOMEN'S RIGHTS TO WORK AND AT WORK

VISION

equal access to paid work



Only 67 countries have laws against gender discrimination in hiring practices fair and adequate earnings



The average global gender pay gap

decent work with social protection



In some regions, up to 75% of working women are employed in the informal sector equal sharing of unpaid care work

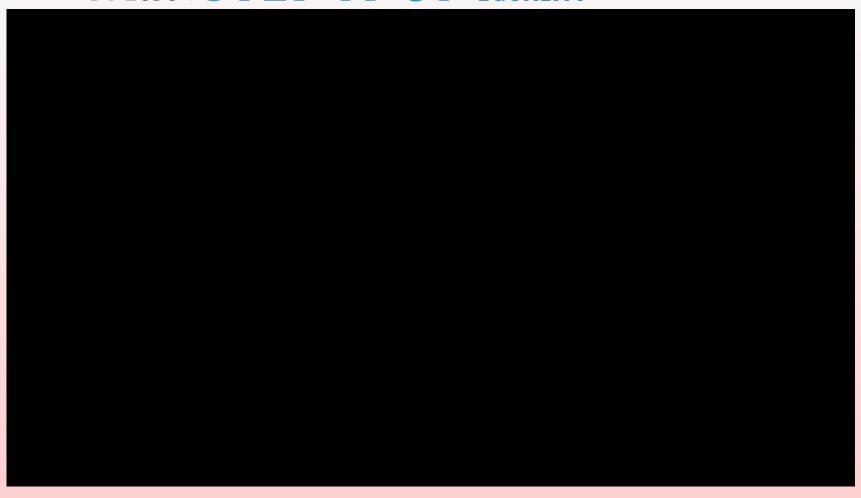


Women do almost two and a half times as much unpaid care and domestic work as men

Source: Progress of the World's Women 2015/2016 (www.progress.unwomen.org)



PLANET 50-50 | STEP IT UP FOR GENDER EQUALITY



Foundation for Women's Rights Promotion and Development

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謝謝聆聽

www.globalgender.org www.iwomenweb.org.tw